



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Suleiman is the same as the ancient Shiz; but he disputes the truth of identifying Gazaca, Ganzaca or Ganzog with Shiz, and consequently with the modern Takht-i Suleiman.

In a note, statements are collected from a Perso-Arabic geographer to the effect that an old name for Yezd, or for the main quarter of the city, was "Kata." There is good reason, Professor Jackson thinks, for holding this to be true, although there is some dissenting opinion.

Two old itineraries from Shiraz to Yezd are quoted in full: the one by Istakhri, in the 10th Century; the other by Josafa Barbaro, in the 15th Century.

The author is by no means a "dry-as-dust" antiquarian. He has a keen sense of humour, a broad appreciation of beauty and literary knowledge and feeling. One enjoys such touches as "It was Shakspeare's birthday—a day memorable to me even in Persia." These personal qualities, combined with scholarliness of treatment, have produced a rare book, and make welcome the news that Professor Jackson will start in April for another trip to the Orient. J. B. A.

The Dominion of Canada, with Newfoundland and an Excursion to Alaska. Handbook for Travellers, by Karl Baedeker. Third revised and augmented edition. lxiv and 331 pp., Bibliography, 13 Maps, 12 Plans, and Index. Karl Baedeker, Leipzig, and Charles Scribner's Sons, New York, 1907. (Price, \$1.80.)

Northern Italy, including Leghorn, Florence, Ravenna, and Routes through Switzerland and Austria. By Karl Baedeker. Thirteenth Remodelled Edition. lxiv and 592 pp., 30 Maps, 40 Plans, and a Panorama. Karl Baedeker, Leipzig, and Charles Scribner's Sons, New York, 1906. (Price, \$2.40.)

The present edition of Baedeker's "Canada" is especially welcome because so much has been done recently, particularly among the Canadian Cordilleras, to enhance the enjoyment of tourists. This edition is thoroughly up to date and no compendium of Canada for the use of travellers equals this volume. The special sections are written by the men who are qualified to make them most valuable. The late Dr. George M. Dawson's geographical and geological sketch of Canada has been revised by Dr. H. M. Ami and Mr. James White, and those who know the scientific personnel of Canada are aware of the thorough qualifications of Ami and White for such literary service. The maps, as usual, are admirable. One of the new maps is that of the Selkirk Range, to which the tide of travel is increasing every year. This is based upon the surveys of Arthur O. Wheeler, who wrote the authoritative book on the Selkirks, printed by the Canadian Government in 1905. Sixteen pages are given to the Alaska trip from Victoria to Sitka and the Yukon.

The present volume of North Italy has been revised and considerably augmented. It is a well-arranged and complete introduction to the routes, the culture, and the art of one of the most fascinating parts of Europe.

Arctic Exploration. By J. Douglas Hoare. viii and 314 pp., 4 Maps, 18 Illustrations, and Index. E. P. Dutton & Co., New York, 1906.

This book is a summary in considerable detail of Arctic explorations. It does not cover the whole list, but chapters are devoted to all the conspicuous expeditions, and they are treated at sufficient length to give them the character of narrations of Arctic work instead of mere résumés. The result is that the book